1

Lifelong learning

READING

Multiple choice | An article

	Student's Book, pages 10–11	
2	1 In paragraph the writer gives examples of some of the writer explains how the student as In paragraph the writer introduces a school with the writer describes how the school to the writer outlines how students fire the writer describes how the school the writer describes how the writer describes have the writer describes how the writer	of the jobs students go on to do. Its spend time relaxing. a difference. It is run. It is run. It is object to the student of the studen
3	Read the article again. For questions 1–6, choose according to the text. 1 Students at the Bamboo School A look after their own pets. B prepare their own meals. C decide how to spend the school's money. D do not have any homework. 2 How is this school different from other schools? A It only teaches a few subjects. B Students study for many more hours. C There isn't any homework for students. D It teaches a lot of real-world skills. 3 What does the article say about school committees? A Students have to stay on the same one. B They help students find out what they are good at. C Students in each one usually agree with each other. D They can't stop students attending lessons.	 4 On each committee, students are encouraged to A listen to each other and work as a team. B argue and stick to their point of view. C ignore the word 'no' and not change their mind. D ask teachers to make decisions for them. 5 The article states that it's important for students to A visit the library. B be part of a sports team. C do activities that help them relax. D learn how to play musical instruments. 6 What is true about students who go to the school? A Their parents pay for them. B Their family helps with local projects. C Their family must be farmers. D They have to go to university afterwards.
4	Find highlighted words or phrases in the article which r 1 every type of background 2 the belief that you are able to do things well 3 stopping a person from doing something, e.g. attending 4 looking after something or someone 5 influence someone's ideas and behaviour 6 quiet, not excited or upset	

7 be polite to someone and care about what they say

8 the quality of being fair and telling the truth

Changemakers

What if the students made all the decisions in your school? Would it be fun or would it be a nightmare?

- A It's a busy afternoon at the Bamboo School. It's 2 pm and students have just finished classes and are starting extra-curricular activities. They're gardening and cleaning, taking care of goats and chickens, shopping for food and building water containers and solar flashlights eco-friendly solutions to everyday problems. At this school, the students are in control. They run it and manage its finances. They also interview and choose the teachers and discipline other students if they misbehave!
- Viravaidya had an idea for a new kind of school one that encouraged values such as honesty and understanding and taught students how to do practical everyday things like gardening and shopping, in addition to teaching them academic subjects. He established a place where children used to do regular lessons from 8 am until 2 pm, then after lessons they would help to run the school and do work in the community, as well as their homework. It's been a recipe for success: the school has a calm and focused atmosphere and children are happy there. One student commented that her old school only used to focus on standard lessons, whereas this one has given her the opportunity to try many new things.
- C The secret of the school's success is its student committees. Each one is responsible for a different area of life there: students can buy food from a local market for their lunches; they can discuss what to do when students misbehave, including excluding students from school; or they can interview new teachers and even decide on their pay! Students are encouraged to experience different committees to see what type of work they enjoy the more opportunities they have to try something new, the more likely they are to find something

they have a talent for.

- Everyone's ideas and opinions are listened to. When there are disagreements, students learn to respect different points of view and to solve problems together. They are taught that everything is possible and to think of 'no' as a question. It's an original way of thinking which helps the children become good negotiators, presenting their ideas with confidence. Teachers help with the committees if students need advice, but students always make the final decision.
- However, lessons, committees and helping in the community is a lot of work. Do students have time for themselves? Yes, they do! The school recognises that it's important for them to take time out. There's a swimming pool, a ping pong table and a basketball court where they can socialise and just be themselves. There's also the bamboo library where they can chill out and read, and there are opportunities to play music together. It's an important part of the school's positive, well-rounded environment.
- Anyone can go to the Bamboo School. There are no fees, and most of the money for the school comes from charities. If a student is accepted, the family 'pays' by giving time to the community through community-service projects and by planting hundreds of trees. When students leave, they may become farmers, teachers, vets or social entrepreneurs, or they go to university. And although there are only 150 places there, over 200 other schools in Thailand follow the same model. They're all working hard to create more opportunities for children from all walks of life, and hoping to shape the next generation of changemakers!

GRAMMAR 1

Tense review: past simple and past continuous



Choose the correct word or phrase.

- 1 Our teacher was angry because he saw / was seeing me sending a text message in class.
- 2 Ed was always / was always being the funniest boy in class.
- 3 Amy looked up. The sun shone / was shining brightly in the sky and it made her happy.
- 4 As the teacher entered the class, some students were talking / talked and others were playing / played with their phones, so they didn't notice her.
- 5 'I do / did do my homework, but the dog ate it, Sir!' said Max to Mr Smith.
- 6 'Where did you go / were you going at 9 o'clock this morning when I saw you?'
- 7 During his life, Leonardo da Vinci investigated / was investigating the possibility of human flight.
- 8 I made that mistake in my essay because I was tired and I didn't think / wasn't thinking clearly.
- 9 We always went / were always going camping during the school holidays and had lots of fun.
- 10 Alicia went / was going to the library twice yesterday because she left her phone there the first time.

2 Complete the text with the past simple or past continuous form of the verbs below.

bother fall find know laugh lie look forward to not like prefer rain reply speak wake up wonder



it was inursday r	iignt. I was lister	ning to music a	nd my brother Noar	1
(1)	_ in bed, unable	to sleep. Some	ething (2)	him
and I (3)	what it w	as. He was ner	vous about Sports D	ay at
our school. I (4) _	it	because I was	a good runner, but N	Noah
(5)	_ physical activi	ty at all becaus	se he (6)	it
boring. Noah (7)	to	o read books o	r watch interesting	
documentaries o	n TV. I (8)	what I	I could say to make I	him feel
better when Noa	h suddenly (9) _	<u> </u>	'It's really cloudy to	night.
Maybe we'll have	rain tomorrow,	he said, and so	oon after that he	
(10)	asleep.			
When I (11)	the n	ext morning, No	oah was at the wind	ow and
he (12)	'What's s	o funny?' I aske	ed. 'Look outside,' he	е
(13)	, and I did. It ((14)	heavily! Sports	Day
was cancelled!				

1 VOCABULARY Working with words

► Student's Book, page 13
► Vocabulary reference, Unit 1, Student's Book, page 152

- Match to make sentences.
 - 1 This year, Alan managed 2 Jo was delighted when she succeeded
 - 3 England failed 4 We lost

 - 5 Tom came first
 - 6 I can't believe everyone beat
 - 7 Our school has accomplished
 - 8 The mountaineers overcame
 - 9 Anita achieved

- a) in passing her music exam.
- b) in the final and won the gold medal.
- c) a lot in science and sport this year.
- d) to run a marathon in under three hours.
- e) me and I came last in the test.
- f) lots of problems and are now progressing well.
- g) her best time of the year in the 10,000 m race.
- h) to get to the final of the football World Cup.
- i) the match in the last minute of the game.

		Lifelong learning 1
2	Со	omplete the dialogues with the correct form (adjective or adverb) of the words in brackets.
	1 .	A : Are you (act) involved in the art club?
		B: Yes, I am and I love it. It gives me the chance to show how (create) I am.
	2	A: You should watch this video. It explains how you can study more (effect).
		B: Thanks. I need all the help I can get. Exams week is a very(stress) time!
	3	A: I enjoyed my first dance lesson, but my feet were very (pain) for a few days!
		B: Well, (thank) you're OK now and can attend the next lesson.
	4	A: That's a very (attract) mug. Where did you buy it?
		B: I didn't. I made it at my pottery class. It's very (use) too.
	5	A: Is Jack using his time (product), or is he wasting it playing video games?
		B: Leave him alone. What he's doing isn't (harm). He's just enjoying himself during his school holidays.
	6	A: You're being very (secret), Jane. What are you hiding in your room?
		B: It's a kitten. I found it in the park, Dad. It's so cute and(play). Please can I keep it?
3		omplete the sentences with the correct form of the phrasal verbs below. Duild up carry out do without end up get on with get up to go about put up with
	1	As a teacher, can you tell me how you making students behave?
		There are no places on the Italian course, so you mightlearning Spanish.
		Andy is so disruptive in class that not even his classmates can him.
		Being patient with shy students can help them to their confidence.
		'The break has finished, so please your work,' said the teacher.
	6	After you the experiment, you must write down

GRAMMAR would, used to, be used to

8 How was your school trip to London? What did you in the city?

Read the sentences. Then choose the best option (a or b) to summarise each one.

7 During the survival course in the jungle, we had to ____

- 1 I didn't use to like ancient history, but my trip to Greece and Italy changed that.
 - a) I still don't like ancient history.
 - b) I like ancient history now.

your results.

phones.

- 2 When Grandma was a girl, students would stand up when the teacher entered the classroom.
 - a) Students stood up every time.
 - **b)** Students stood up sometimes.
- **3** Jade is a teacher and is used to marking lots of homework.
 - a) She doesn't mark homework now.
 - **b)** She is now comfortable with marking homework.
- 4 I always used to make my own breakfast before school in the morning.
 - a) This was my habit in the past.
 - b) I only did this a few times.

- Choose the correct word or phrase.
 - 1 A: Did you use / used to like art at school?
 - B: Actually, I didn't like it at all!
 - 2 A: I'm afraid Alfie doesn't like his new school very much.
 - B: That's because he isn't use / used to it. He'll be fine in a few weeks.
 - 3 A: Are / Did you used to the weather in this country?
 - B: No, and I've been here for five years!
 - **4 A:** Do you both like teaching in England?
 - B: Yes, but when we lived abroad, we were used to / used to having longer school holidays.
 - **5 A:** Has Matthew always been in the school band?
 - B: He didn't use to / wouldn't be, but he joined last month.

1 LISTENING Sentence completion

Student's	Rook	nago	1/
SHUURINS	DUUK.	Dage	14

student's book, page 14	
Look at the sentences and choose from the phrases (a–d	I) to say what kind of information you think is missing f
each one.	y to day what kind of information you triming information
1 He went to during the school holidays.	a) a period of time
The people in the group thought of themselves as	b) a form of transport
One of the ways they travelled on the river was by	c) a place
4 The group spent there and it was very exciting.	d) a descriptive adjective or noun
1))1 01 Noveliston to the haginaing of a tell, and swite t	ha waxada that a amulata tha a antanaaa in Evausiaa 1
(1)) 1.01 Now listen to the beginning of a talk and write t	ne words that complete the sentences in Exercise 1.
<u> </u>	
2	
<u> </u>	
1	
Listen to a teenager called Will talking abo	out a trip to the Amazon rainforest. Complete the
sentences with a word or short phrase.	sac a crip to the / imazon raimorooti complete the
Will's teacher asked him to talk about his	in the Amazon.
The cooking facilities at the lodges were	
About of the Amazon rainfo	
The air in the rainforest was	
• Will was annoyed by the, wh	
Will wasn't expecting to see a	•
At night, it's possible to step on a	_
The bridges are scary because they moved from	
tudent's Book, page 16	dent's Book, page 165
Pood the even question and look at the photos he	low. In sentences 1–8, choose the main ideas that are
relevant to the exam question. Then put a 0 next to the i	
Compare the photos and say which situation you think is	more enjoyable.
-0	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
They show young people in learning	5. The relationship between the adults and
They show young people in learning situations with adults.	5 The relationship between the adults and the young people is probably different in
2 One man is wearing a black shirt, but the	each photo.
other is wearing a grey shirt.	6 One is happening outside, but the other is
The skills being learnt in the photos are	happening inside.
physical skills.	7 The sea only appears in one of the photos.
4 Both the young people are wearing things	8 The young people are concentrating on
on their heads.	what they are doing in both photos.

2	1)) 1.03 Look at the photos in Exercise 1 again and read the
	text. Complete the gaps with words for comparing. Then
	listen and check

The main (1)	betwee	n the pictures is that	
they (2)	show young	people in a learning	
situation. In the	first picture, a chil	d is learning to ride a	
bike, (3)	in the secon	id picture a girl is	
learning to mak	e some kind of swe	et or pastry.	
(4)	_, they both show	people who are	
teaching. Howe	ver, in the first pict	ure the teacher is a	
parent, (5)	in the sec	ond picture it is a	
professional. Th	is means the relati	onship between the	
teacher and the	learner is very diff	erent. The pictures also)
(6)	_ because one skill	is physical, whereas th	e
other one is mo	re practical. Anoth	er key (7)	
between the pic	ctures is that the fi	rst is happening outside	۶,
while the secon	ıd is taking place in	side. Personally, I think	
the bike-riding	situation is (8)	more	
enjoyable. Mayk	oe it isn't (9)	useful	
(10)	cooking, but for	a young child it	
represents a big	g adventure. I think	having cooking lessons	3
would be more	stressful.		

Write four sentences about the photos below using appropriate words for comparing from Exercise 2.





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USE OF ENGLISH Open cloze

► Student's Book, page 17

1	M	atch the words (1–5) v	with the gr	am	mar forms (a–e).
	1	did, has, am		a)	negative words
	2	might, shall, will		b)	particles
	3	not, none, nothing		c)	modal verbs
	4	took, choose, noticed		d)	main verbs
	5	in, on, out		e)	auxiliary verbs
		ook at the sentences. –e) in Exercise 1 with			
	1	It was very late and we going to catch the last			
	2	The teacher asked the	class a qu	est	ion,

_____ knew the answer.
____ you have a favourite

teacher when you were at school?4 Most of my classmates were born here and grew ______ in this area.

5 I've got an idea. Maybe we _

3	Now complete the sentences in Exercise 2 with one
	word in each gap.

look for the information we need online.

ŀ	Exam	Write one word in each gap
		mplete the text.

talent

Margot Robbie is an amazing actress. She (1)
starred in films like <i>Barbie, I, Tonya</i> and <i>The Wolf of Wall Street</i> .
But did you know that Margot has other talents too? When
she was a child, she often came up (2) creative
solutions to problems. She (3) to be very
good at magic tricks, so when she needed extra pocket
money, she charged her family to watch her shows! Margot
also went to circus school and was really good
(4) acrobatics.
Before she became famous, Margot worked as a house
cleaner, and (5) helped in a surf shop – she was
good at both jobs! Then when she was 16, she applied
(6) a job at Subway, a fast-food restaurant.
When she was working there, she learnt how (7)
make really good sandwiches. She definitely had a talent
(8) it! Today, she doesn't go to Subway
very often. Why? Because she gets upset if they make the
sandwiches badly!

Read the exam task below and the email that the student wrote. Choose T (True) or F (False) for the statements (1-6).

You have received an email from an Englishspeaking friend:

Can you give me some advice, please? I really want to improve my English, but I'm not sure what to do. Can you suggest a way to practise with other people? What can I do on my own? Should I just study grammar? What do you think?



soon! Cheers! Sam

Write your email.

1	The exam task is asking for advice.	T/F
2	The email is written to a friend.	T/F
3	The first line of the email gives advice.	T/F
4	The email gives two pieces of advice.	T/F
5	Each piece of advice has a separate paragraph.	T/F
6	The email finishes with some natural informal comments.	T/F



2 Imagine you have had an email from a friend who wants to go to a two-day pop festival, but whose parents won't let them go. Choose the appropriate advice (1-6).

1	Go to the festival without telling your parents.	
2	Ask your friend's parents to talk to your parents.	

- 3 See if some other friends can come so there is a group of you.
- 4 Argue with your parents about it.
- 5 Tell your parents that you will call them every day.
- 6 Look at the festival website with your parents so they can see you will be safe.

From: Sam			
Subject: Improve your English			
Hi Mario,			
It was great to hear from you. I'm glad you passed your test, that's brilliant!			
You asked me about ways to improve your English. Have you thought about starting an English Club at your school You could do things like watching films in English togethe and talking about them, or listening to songs in English. Why not ask your English teacher if you can start one? Shinght have other ideas about things you can do.	er		
You should also read in English. I know you love comics and art, so what about getting some graphic novels in English? There are some fantastic ones online or I could send you some.			
If I were you, I'd practise speaking too. How about Skypir every week? We can chat in English and then you can teach me a bit of Spanish. Another thing you should do is come and stay. If you come during term time, you can come to my school. You'll learn lots of English!	ıg		
Hope that helps! Let me know if you want to chat online			

3	Think of two more good pieces of advice.
4	Complete the sentences with ideas from Exercises 2 and 3.

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1 Choose the correct word or phrase.

Although I laugh about it now, I (1) wanted / was wanting to be a dog trainer when I was much younger. I (2) used to think / would think it was the most exciting job in the world. In my room, I (3) was used to / would put my stuffed toys on the floor and shout instructions at them. I (4) did / was doing that one day when my brother (5) entered / was entering the room. When he (6) realised / was realising what (7) went on / was going on, he (8) started / was starting laughing uncontrollably. I (9) didn't use to / wasn't used to my brother teasing me and I (10) felt / was feeling really embarrassed that my secret ambition was no longer secret!



Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs below.

	Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs below.						
	beat carry end fail get lose put succeed						
1	I really enjoy playing chess with my grandad, even though I always to him.	5 The three girls in building a model plane that could actually fly.					
2	In my science class today, I had to out an experiment with some chemicals, and mine exploded!	6 Who knows what these students up to when there are no teachers in the classroom t supervise them!	 :0				
3	Greg to answer any of the questions so didn't pass his exam.	7 If our class can all the others in the science competition, we'll win a trip to the					
4	Evan always wanted to be an archeologist, but he studied ancient languages instead and up teaching Latin.	Science Museum. 8 You're a primary school teacher, Coral. Tell me, how or you up with a classroom full or noisy children?					

Learning to Learn Being an active learner Match to make sentences that describe different parts of active learning. 1 Being curious involves a) deciding what you want to achieve. 2 Connecting ideas involves b) understanding how you learn best. 3 Setting goals involves c) asking questions about what you learn. 4 Considering your learning preferences involves ___ d) checking you remember what you have learnt. **5** Testing yourself involves e) linking new information to things you know. 2 Make notes in response to these instructions. 1 Write one question about something you have learnt recently that you still don't know the answer to. 2 Think about a new word or phrase in English you learnt recently. What other word or phrase can you connect it to? **3** Write your learning goals for this week, this term and this year. 4 Describe how you like to learn. Think about the kind of learning activities you enjoy.

5 Think about something you learnt recently. Write what you remember about it. Then check you are right.